



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Status of smallpox in Italy.—Week ended December 27. Provinces: Ereviso (Conegliano), 1 case; Potenza (Vaglio), 1 case; Caserta (Brusciano), 11 cases; Caserta (Marigliano), 1 case.

JAPAN.

Report from Yokohama—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Examination of emigrants.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Cumming reports, December 21:

Bills of health were issued during the 2 weeks ended December 19 to 9 vessels having an aggregate personnel of 156 saloon passengers, 765 steerage passengers, and 1,026 members of crews. All steerage passengers taken on here were bathed and their effects were disinfected.

The steamship *Nikko Maru*, for Manila, was fumigated.

No quarantinable diseases have been reported here.

Number of emigrants:

Per steamship *Iyo Maru*, December 8—for Seattle, advised to wait 6; per steamship *Nippon Maru*, December 9—for Honolulu, advised to wait 11; for San Francisco, advised to wait 1; per steamship *Siberia*, December 16—for Honolulu, rejected 2, advised to wait 5; per steamship *China*, December 23—for Honolulu 1, advised to wait 6.

Report from Kobe—Inspection of vessels—Examination of emigrants.

Temporary Acting Assistant Surgeon Smith reports, December 23:

Week ended December 19. Supplemental bills of health granted to 8 steamships. There were inspected 258 members of crews and 330 steerage passengers; 47 members of crews and 51 steerage passengers were bathed and disinfected and their effects were disinfected by steam. The number of pieces of baggage steamed was 255 and bedding 110. Manifests were viséed for 46,573 pieces of freight, amounting to 4,022 tons.

Emigrants were examined as follows: Steamship *Kaga Maru* for Seattle, passed 31, recommended for rejection 1; steamship *China* for Honolulu, passed 17, recommended for rejection 11. The emigrants passed, together with 3 intending passengers to Victoria by the steamship *Kaga Maru*, were inspected, bathed and disinfected, and their effects were disinfected before embarkation.

MEXICO.

Report from Mexico City—Yellow fever at Veracruz and in Merida and vicinity.

The following is received from Doctor Liceaga, president of the superior board of health, under date of January 7:

During the week ended January 2, 2 cases of yellow fever with 1 death occurred at Veracruz, 2 cases in the city of Merida, 1 case at Sodzil, and 1 case, 1 death, at the plantation of San Bernardo, 9 kilometers distant from Maxcanu.